1	S.263
2	Introduced by Senators Clarkson and Balint
3	Referred to Committee on
4	Date:
5	Subject: Commerce and trade; economic development
6	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to encourage
7	new workers to relocate to Vermont, to provide flexibility for Economic
8	Recovery grants, to increase the capacity for the Capital Investment Program,
9	to enable project-based tax increment financing districts, and to promote
10	sustainable development and affordable housing.
11	An act relating to supporting economic development
12	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
13	* * * Relocating Employee Incentives * * *
14	Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. § 4 is amended to read:
15	§ 4. NEW RELOCATING EMPLOYEE INCENTIVES
16	(a) The Agency of Commerce and Community Development shall design
17	and implement a program to award incentive grants to relocating employees as
18	provided in this section and subject to the policies and procedures the Agency
19	adopts to implement the program.

1	(b) A relocating employee may be eligible for a grant under the program
2	for qualifying expenses, subject to the following:
3	(1) A base grant shall not exceed \$5,000.00.
4	(2) The Agency may award an enhanced grant, which shall not exceed
5	\$7,500.00, for a relocating employee who becomes a resident in a labor market
6	area in this State in which:
7	(A) the average annual unemployment rate in the labor market area
8	exceeds the average annual unemployment rate in the State; or
9	(B) the average annual wage in the State exceeds the annual average
10	wage in the labor market area.
11	(c) The Agency shall:
12	(1) adopt procedures for implementing the program, which shall include
13	a simple certification process to certify relocating employees and qualifying
14	expenses;
15	(2) promote awareness of the program, including through coordination
16	with relevant trade groups and by integration into the Agency's economic
17	development marketing campaigns;
18	(3) award grants to relocating employees on a first-come, first-served
19	basis beginning on July 1, 2021, subject to available funding; and
20	(4) adopt measurable goals, performance measures, and an audit strategy
21	to assess the utilization and performance of the program.

1	(d) On or before January 15, 2022, the Agency shall submit a report to the
2	House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate
3	Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs
4	concerning the implementation of this section, including:
5	(1) a description of the policies and procedures adopted to implement
6	the program;
7	(2) the promotion and marketing of the program; and
8	(3) an analysis of the utilization and performance of the program,
9	including the projected revenue impacts and other qualitative and quantitative
10	returns on investment in the program based on available data and modeling.
11	(e) As used in this section:
12	(1) "Qualifying expenses" means the actual costs a relocating employee
13	incurs for relocation expenses, which may include moving costs, closing costs
14	for a primary residence, rental security deposit, one month's rent payment, and
15	other relocation expenses established in Agency guidelines.
16	(2) "Relocating employee" means an individual who meets the
17	following criteria:
18	(A)(i) On or after July 1, 2021:
19	(I) the individual becomes a full-time resident of this State;
20	(II) the individual becomes a full-time employee at a Vermont
21	location of a for-profit or nonprofit business organization domiciled or

1	authorized to do business in this State, or of a State, municipal, or other public
2	sector employer; <u>and</u>
3	(III) the individual becomes employed in one of the
4	"Occupations with the Most Openings" identified by the Vermont Department
5	of Labor in its "Short Term Employment Projections 2020-2022"; and
6	(IV) the employer attests to the Agency that, after reasonable
7	time and effort, the employer was unable to fill the employee's position from
8	among Vermont applicants; or
9	(ii) on or after February 1, 2022:
10	(I) the individual becomes a full-time resident of this State; and
11	(II) the individual is a full-time employee of an out-of-state
12	business and performs the majority of his or her employment duties remotely
13	from a home office or a co-working space located in this State.
14	(B) The individual receives gross salary or wages that equal or
15	exceed the Vermont livable wage rate calculated pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 526.
16	(C) The individual is subject to Vermont income tax.
17	* * * Capital Investment Grant Program * * *
18	Sec. 2. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 74, Sec. H.18 is amended to read:
19	Sec. H.18 CAPITAL INVESTMENT GRANT PROGRAM
20	(a) Creation; purpose; regional outreach.

1	(1) The Agency of Commerce and Community Development shall use
2	the \$10,580,000 appropriated to the Department of Economic Development in
3	Sec. G.300(a)(12) of this act to design and implement a capital investment
4	grant program consistent with this section.
5	(2) The purpose of the program is to make funding available for
6	transformational projects that will provide each region of the State with the
7	opportunity to attract businesses, retain existing businesses, create jobs, and
8	invest in their communities by encouraging capital investments and economic
9	growth.
10	(3) The Agency shall collaborate with other State agencies, regional
11	development corporations, regional planning commissions, and other
12	community partners to identify potential regional applicants and projects to
13	ensure the distribution of grants throughout the regions of the State.
14	(b) Eligible applicants.
15	(1) To be eligible for a grant, an applicant shall meet the following
16	criteria:
17	(A) The applicant is located within this State.
18	(B) The applicant is:
19	(i)(I) a for-profit entity with not less than a 10 percent equity
20	interest in the project; or
21	(II) a nonprofit entity; and

1	(ii) grant funding from the Program represents not more than 50
2	percent of the total project cost.
3	(C) The applicant demonstrates:
4	(i) community and regional support for the project;
5	(ii) that grant funding is needed to complete the project;
6	(iii) leveraging of additional sources of funding from local, State,
7	or federal economic development programs; and
8	(iv) an ability to manage the project, with requisite experience and
9	a plan for fiscal viability.
10	(2) The following are ineligible to apply for a grant:
11	(A) a State or local government-operated business;
12	(B) a municipality;
13	(C) a business that, together with any affiliated business, owns or
14	operates more than 20 locations, regardless of whether those locations do
15	business under the same name or within the same industry; and
16	(D) a publicly-traded company.
17	(c) Awards; amount; eligible uses.
18	(1) An award shall not exceed the lesser of \$1,500,000.00 \$3,000,000.00
19	or the estimated net State fiscal impact of the project based on Agency
20	modeling.

1	(2) A recipient may use grant funds for the acquisition of property and
2	equipment, construction, renovation, and related capital expenses.
3	(3) A recipient may combine grant funds with funding from other
4	sources but shall not use grant funds from multiple sources for the same costs
5	within the same project.
6	(4) The Agency shall release grant funds upon determining that the
7	applicant has met all Program conditions and requirements.
8	(5) Nothing in this section is intended to prevent a grant recipient from
9	applying for additional grant funds if future amounts are appropriated for the
10	program.
11	(d) Data model; approval.
12	(1) The Agency shall collaborate with the Legislative Economist to
12 13	(1) The Agency shall collaborate with the Legislative Economist to design a data model and related methodology to assess the fiscal, economic,
13	design a data model and related methodology to assess the fiscal, economic,
13 14	design a data model and related methodology to assess the fiscal, economic, and societal impacts of proposals and prioritize them based on the results.
13 14 15	<ul><li>design a data model and related methodology to assess the fiscal, economic, and societal impacts of proposals and prioritize them based on the results.</li><li>(2) The Agency shall present the model and related methodology to the</li></ul>
13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>design a data model and related methodology to assess the fiscal, economic, and societal impacts of proposals and prioritize them based on the results.</li> <li>(2) The Agency shall present the model and related methodology to the Joint Fiscal Committee for its approval not later than September 1, 2021.</li> </ul>
13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>design a data model and related methodology to assess the fiscal, economic, and societal impacts of proposals and prioritize them based on the results.</li> <li>(2) The Agency shall present the model and related methodology to the Joint Fiscal Committee for its approval not later than September 1, 2021.</li> <li>(e) Application process; decisions; awards.</li> </ul>

1	(B) The Agency shall make application information available to the
2	Legislative Economist and the Executive Economist in a timely manner.
3	(2) Using the data model and methodology approved by the Joint Fiscal
4	Committee, the Agency shall analyze the information provided in an
5	application to estimate the net State fiscal impact of a project, including the
6	following factors:
7	(A) increase to grand list value;
8	(B) improvements to supply chain;
9	(C) jobs impact, including the number and quality of jobs; and
10	(D) increase to State GDP.
11	(3) The Secretary of Commerce and Community Development shall
12	appoint an interagency team, which may include members from among the
13	Department of Economic Development, the Department of Housing and
14	Community Development, the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets, the
15	Department of Public Service, the Agency of Natural Resources, or other State
16	agencies and departments, which team shall review, analyze, and recommend
17	projects for funding based on the estimated net State fiscal impact of a project
18	and on other contributing factors, including:
19	(A) transformational nature of the project for the region;
20	(B) project readiness, quality, and demonstrated collaboration with
21	stakeholders and other funding sources;

1	(C) alignment and consistency with regional plans and priorities; and
2	(D) creation and retention of workforce opportunities.
3	(4) The Secretary of Commerce and Community Development shall
4	consider the recommendations of the interagency team and shall give final
5	approval to projects.
6	(f) Grant agreements; post award monitoring. If selected by the Secretary,
7	the applicant and the Agency shall execute a grant agreement that includes
8	audit provisions and minimum requirements for the maintenance and
9	accessibility of records that ensures that the Agency and the Auditor of
10	Accounts have access and authority to monitor awards.
11	(g) Report. On or before December 15, 2021 the Agency shall submit a
12	report to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and
13	the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General
14	Affairs concerning the implementation of this section, including:
15	(1) a description of the implementation of the program;
16	(2) the promotion and marketing of the program;
17	(3) an analysis of the utilization and performance of the program,
18	including the projected revenue impacts and other qualitative and quantitative
19	returns on investment in the program based on available data and modeling.

1	* * * Economic Recovery Grants * * *
2	Sec. 3. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 74, Sec. H.19 is amended to read:
3	Sec. H.19 ECONOMIC RECOVERY GRANTS
4	(a) The Agency of Commerce and Community Development shall use the
5	\$20,000,000.00 \$15,000,000.00 appropriated to it in Sec. G.300(a)(13) of this
6	act for Economic Recovery grants and the amounts appropriated to it in 2021
7	Acts and Resolves No. 9, Sec. 3 to provide grants to businesses consistent with
8	the requirements of that Sec. 3 and further subject to the following: that have
9	suffered economic harm due to COVID-19.
10	(1) The value of a grant shall not exceed the lesser of a business's net
11	adjusted loss, three months of fixed expenses, or \$150,000.00.
12	(2) The Agency shall defer final calculation and payment of grant
13	awards for a reasonable period of time to determine the availability of COVID-
14	19-related financial assistance from other State and federal sources.
15	(3) The Agency may adjust the calculation of tax loss for non-COVID-
16	19 related items, including carryforward losses and depreciation.
17	(b) The Agency of Commerce and Community Development shall provide
18	grants to businesses subject to the provisions and guidance controlling
19	economic relief funds that are available through the American Rescue Plan Act
20	of 2021, as follows:
21	(1) Program to respond to economic harm.

1	(A) The Agency shall design and implement the economic recovery
2	grant program to ensure that grants provided to businesses respond to the
3	public health emergency with respect to the Coronavirus Disease 2019
4	(COVID-19) or its negative economic impacts.
5	(B) In assessing whether a program or service "responds to" the
6	COVID-19 public health emergency, the Agency shall, first, identify a need or
7	negative impact of the COVID-19 public health emergency and, second,
8	identify how the program addresses the identified need or impact.
9	(2) Program response is related and proportional to harm.
10	(A) The Agency shall ensure that its program response is related and
11	reasonably proportional to the extent and type of harm experienced.
12	(B) Uses that bear no relation or are grossly disproportionate to the
13	type or extent of harm experienced are not eligible uses.
14	(3) Economic harm resulting from or exacerbated by COVID-19.
15	(A) The Agency shall design and implement the economic recovery
16	grant program to address economic harms resulting from or exacerbated by the
17	public health emergency.
18	(B) The Agency shall assess the connection between the negative
19	economic harm and the COVID-19 public health emergency, the nature and
20	extent of that harm, and how the use of this funding would address such harm.

1	(C) While recognizing that economic impacts may either be
2	immediate or delayed, the Agency shall not provide assistance to a business
3	that did not experience a negative economic impact from the public health
4	emergency and that therefore would not be an eligible recipient of funds.
5	(4) Recognizing harm to certain industries.
6	(A) The Agency shall recognize that certain industries, such as
7	tourism, travel, and hospitality, were disproportionately and negatively
8	impacted by the COVID-19 public health emergency. Aid provided to
9	tourism, travel, and hospitality industries should respond to the negative
10	economic impacts of the pandemic on those and similarly impacted industries.
11	(B) Aid may be considered responsive to the negative economic
12	impacts of the pandemic if it supports businesses, attractions, business
13	districts, and Tribal development districts operating prior to the pandemic and
14	affected by required closures and other efforts to contain the pandemic.
15	(C) When considering providing aid to industries other than tourism,
16	travel, and hospitality, the Agency shall consider the extent of the economic
17	impact as compared to tourism, travel, and hospitality.
18	(D) The Agency shall also consider whether impacts were due to the
19	COVID-19 pandemic, as opposed to longer-term economic or industrial trends
20	unrelated to the pandemic.

1	(c) On or before December 15, 2021, the Agency shall submit a report to
2	the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and the
3	Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs
4	concerning the implementation of this section, including detailed information
5	concerning business grant recipients and recommendations for any necessary
6	legislative action to adjust program criteria and benefits.
7	* * * Reallocation of COVID-19 Relief Funds * * *
8	Sec. 4. ACCD; REALLOCATION OF FUNDS
9	Of the \$20,000,000.00 appropriated to the Agency of Commerce and
10	Community Development in 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 74, Sec.
11	G.300(a)(13) for Economic Recovery grants, the Agency shall reallocate not
12	more than \$5,000,000.00 for brownfield revitalization or other eligible
13	programs that have demonstrated need, subject to and consistent with federal
14	law.
15	* * * Community Development Tax Stabilization Pilot Fund * * *
16	Sec. 5. COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT TAX STABILIZATION PILOT
17	PROGRAM; APPROPRIATION
18	Of the amounts available from the federal COVID-19 relief funds, the
19	amount of \$5,000,000.00 is appropriated to the Agency of Commerce and
20	Community Development to design and implement the Community
21	Development Tax Stabilization Pilot Program to provide reimbursement for

1	foregone tax revenue to municipalities in which the grand list has decreased
2	over the past 10 years and that grant tax stabilization for new commercial
3	development projects.
4	* * * Project-Based Tax Increment Financing * * *
5	Sec. 6. 24 V.S.A. 1892(d) is amended to read:
6	(d) The following municipalities have been authorized to use education tax
7	increment financing for a tax increment financing district:
8	(1) the City of Burlington, Downtown;
9	(2) the City of Burlington, Waterfront;
10	(3) the Town of Milton, North and South Town of Bennington;
11	(4) the City of Newport City of Montpelier;
12	(5) the City of Winooski;
13	(6) the <del>Town of Colchester;</del>
14	(7) the Town of Hartford;
15	(8)(7) the City of St. Albans;
16	(9)(8) the City of Barre;
17	(10)(9) the Town of Milton, Town Core; and
18	(11)(10) the City of South Burlington.

1	Sec. 7. 32 V.S.A. § 5404a is amended to read:
2	§ 5404a. TAX STABILIZATION AGREEMENTS; TAX INCREMENT
3	FINANCING DISTRICTS
4	(a) A tax agreement or exemption shall affect the education property tax
5	grand list of the municipality in which the property subject to the agreement is
6	located if the agreement or exemption is:
7	* * *
8	(b)(1) An agreement affecting the education property tax grand list defined
9	under subsection (a) of this section shall reduce the municipality's education
10	property tax liability under this chapter for the duration of the agreement or
11	exemption without extension or renewal, and for a maximum of 10 years. A
12	municipality's property tax liability under this chapter shall be reduced by any
13	difference between the amount of the education property taxes collected on the
14	subject property and the amount of education property taxes that would have
15	been collected on such property if its fair market value were taxed at the
16	equalized nonhomestead rate for the tax year.
17	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a municipality has
18	entered into an agreement that reduces the municipality's education property
19	tax liability under this chapter and the municipality establishes a tax increment
20	financing district under 24 V.S.A. chapter 53, subchapter 5, the municipality's
21	municipal and education tax increment shall be calculated based on the

1	assessed value of the properties in the municipality's grand list and not on the
2	stabilized value.
3	* * *
4	(f) A municipality that establishes a tax increment financing district under
5	24 V.S.A. chapter 53, subchapter 5 shall collect all property taxes on properties
6	contained within the district and apply not more than 70 percent of the State
7	education property tax increment, and not less than 85 percent of the municipal
8	property tax increment, to repayment of financing of the improvements and
9	related costs for up to 20 years pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 1894, if approved by
10	the Vermont Economic Progress Council pursuant to this section, subject to the
11	following:
12	(1) In a municipality with one or more approved districts, the Council
13	shall not approve an additional district until the municipality retires the debt
14	incurred for all of the districts in the municipality.
15	(2) The Council shall not approve more than $\frac{1}{10000000000000000000000000000000000$
16	State, and not more than two per county, provided:
17	(A) The districts listed in 24 V.S.A. § 1892(d) shall not be counted
18	against the limits imposed in this subdivision (2).
19	(B) The Council shall consider complete applications in the order
20	they are submitted, except that if during any calendar month the Council
21	receives applications for more districts than are actually available in a county,

1	the Council shall evaluate each application and shall approve the application
2	that, in the Council's discretion, best meets the economic development needs
3	of the county.
4	(C) If, while the General Assembly is not in session, the Council
5	receives applications for districts that would otherwise qualify for approval
6	but, if approved, would exceed the six district four-district limit in the State,
7	the Council shall make one or more presentations to the Emergency Board
8	concerning the applications, and the Emergency Board may, in its discretion,
9	increase the six-district limit.
10	(D) The Council shall not approve more than one district in
11	Bennington County and one district in Washington County.
12	* * *
13	(4) In any year that the assessed valuation of real property in a district
14	decreases in comparison to the original taxable value of the real property in a
15	district, a municipality shall pay the amount equal to the tax calculated based
16	on the original taxable value to the Education Fund.
17	* * *
18	(h) To approve utilization of incremental revenues pursuant to subsection
19	(f) of this section:
20	* * *

1	(4) Project criteria. Determine that the proposed development within a
2	tax increment financing district will accomplish at least three of the following
3	five criteria:
4	* * *
5	(C) The project will affect the remediation and redevelopment of a
6	brownfield located within the district. In the case of a brownfield, the Vermont
7	Economic Progress Council is authorized to adopt rules pursuant to
8	subsection (j) of this section to clarify what is a reasonable improvement, as
9	defined in 24 V.S.A. § 1891, to remediate and stimulate the development or
10	redevelopment in the district. As used in this section, "brownfield" means an
11	area in which a hazardous substance, pollutant, or contaminant is or may be
12	present, and that situation is likely to complicate the expansion, development,
13	redevelopment, or reuse of the property.
14	* * *
15	Sec. 8. TAX INCREMENT FINANCING PROJECT DEVELOPMENT;
16	PILOT PROGRAM
17	(a) Definitions. As used in this section:
18	(1) "Committed" means pledged and appropriated for the purpose of the
19	current and future payment of tax increment financing and related costs as
20	defined in this section.

1	(2) "Coordinating agency" means any public or private entity from
2	outside the municipality's departments or offices and not employing the
3	municipality's staff, which has been designated by a municipality to administer
4	and coordinate a project during creation, public hearing process, approval
5	process, or administration and operation during the life of the project,
6	including overseeing infrastructure development, real property development
7	and redevelopment, assisting with reporting, and ensuring compliance with
8	statute and rule.
9	(3) "Financing" means debt incurred, including principal, interest, and
10	any fees or charges directly related to that debt, or other instruments or
11	borrowing used by a municipality to pay for improvements and related costs
12	for the approved project, only if authorized by the legal voters of the
13	municipality in accordance with 24 V.S.A. § 1894. Payment for eligible
14	related costs may also include direct payment by the municipality using the
15	district increment. However, such anticipated payments shall be included
16	in the vote by the legal voters of the municipality in accordance with
17	subsection (f) of this section. If interfund loans within the municipality are
18	used as the method of financing, no interest shall be charged. Bond
19	anticipation notes may be used as a method of financing and may qualify as a
20	municipality's first incurrence of debt. A municipality that uses a bond
21	anticipation note during the third or sixth year that a municipality may incur

1	debt pursuant to subsection (f) of this section shall incur all permanent
2	financing not more than one year after issuing the bond anticipation note.
3	(4) "Improvements" means the installation, new construction, or
4	reconstruction of infrastructure that will serve a public purpose, including
5	utilities, transportation, public facilities and amenities, land and property
6	acquisition and demolition, and site preparation. "Improvements" also means
7	the funding of debt service interest payments for a period of up to five years,
8	beginning on the date on which the first debt is incurred.
9	(5) "Legislative body" means the mayor and alderboard, the city
10	council, the selectboard, and the president and trustees of an incorporated
11	village, as appropriate.
12	(6) "Municipality" means a city, town, or incorporated village.
13	(7) "Nexus" means the causal relationship that must exist between the
14	improvements and the expected development and redevelopment in the TIF
15	Project Zone or the expected outcomes in the TIF Project Zone.
16	(8) "Original taxable value" means the total valuation as determined in
17	accordance with 32 V.S.A. chapter 129 of all taxable real property located
18	within the project as of the creation date, provided that no parcel within the
19	project shall be divided or bisected.
20	(9) "Project" means a public improvement, as defined in subdivision (4)
21	of this subsection (a), with a total debt ceiling, including related costs, and

1	principal and interest payments, of not more than \$5,000,000.00. A project
2	<u>must:</u>
3	(A) clearly require substantial public investment over and above the
4	normal municipal operating or bonded debt expenditures;
5	(B) only include public improvements that are integral to the
6	expected private development; and
7	(C) meet one of the following four criteria:
8	(i) The development includes new or rehabilitated affordable
9	housing, as defined in 24 V.S.A. § 4303.
10	(ii) The project will affect the remediation and redevelopment of a
11	brownfield located within the district. As used in this section, "brownfield"
12	means an area in which a hazardous substance, pollutant, or contaminant is or
13	may be present, and that situation is likely to complicate the expansion,
14	development, redevelopment, or reuse of the property.
15	(iii) The development will include at least one entirely new
16	business or business operation or expansion of an existing business within the
17	project, and this business will provide new, quality, full-time jobs that meet or
18	exceed the prevailing wage for the region as reported by the Department of
19	Labor.

1	(iv) The development will enhance transportation by creating
2	improved traffic patterns and flow or creating or improving public
3	transportation systems.
4	(10) "Related costs" means expenses incurred and paid by the
5	municipality, exclusive of the actual cost of constructing and financing
6	improvements, that are directly related to the creation and implementation of
7	the project, including reimbursement of sums previously advanced by the
8	municipality for those purposes. Related costs may not include direct
9	municipal expenses such as departmental or personnel costs.
10	(11) "TIF project zone" means an area located within one or more active
11	designations approved by the Vermont Downtown Development Board under
12	24 V.S.A. chapter 76A for the parcels in a municipality that have nexus to the
13	project.
14	(b) Pilot program. Beginning on January 1, 2022 and ending on December
15	31, 2026, the Vermont Economic Progress Council is authorized to approve a
16	total of not more than 10 tax increment financing projects, with not more than
17	three projects per year; provided, however, that there shall not be more than
18	one project per municipality.
19	(c) General authority. Under the pilot program established in
20	subsection (b) of this section, a municipality, upon approval of its
21	legislative body, may apply to the Vermont Economic Progress Council

1	pursuant to the process set forth in subsection (e) of this section to use tax
2	increment financing for a project.
3	(d) Eligibility.
4	(1) A municipality is only authorized to apply for a project under this
5	section if:
6	(A) the project will serve one or more active designations approved
7	by the Vermont Downtown Development Board under 24 V.S.A. chapter 76A;
8	and
9	(B) the proposed infrastructure improvements and the projected
10	development or redevelopment are compatible with confirmed municipal and
11	regional development plans and the project has clear local and regional
12	significance for employment, housing, or transportation improvements.
13	(2) A municipality with an approved tax increment financing district as
14	set forth in 24 V.S.A. 1892(d) is not authorized to apply for a project under this
15	section.
16	(e) Approval process. The Vermont Economic Progress Council shall do
17	all of the following to approve an application submitted pursuant to
18	subsection (c) of this section:
19	(1)(A) Review each application to determine that the infrastructure
20	improvements proposed to serve the project and the proposed development in
21	the project would not have occurred as proposed in the application, or would

1	have occurred in a significantly different and less desirable manner than as
2	proposed in the application, but for the proposed utilization of the incremental
3	tax revenues.
4	(B) The review shall take into account:
5	(i) the amount of additional time, if any, needed to complete the
6	proposed development for the project and the amount of additional cost that
7	might be incurred if the project were to proceed without education property tax
8	increment financing;
9	(ii) how the proposed project components and size would differ, if
10	at all, including, if applicable to the project, in the number of units of
11	affordable housing, as defined in 24 V.S.A. § 4303, without education property
12	tax increment financing; and
13	(iii)(I) the amount of additional revenue expected to be generated
14	as a result of the proposed project;
15	(II) the percentage of that revenue that shall be paid to the
16	Education Fund;
17	(III) the percentage that shall be paid to the municipality; and
18	(IV) the percentage of the revenue paid to the municipality that
19	shall be used to pay financing incurred for development of the project.
20	(2) Process requirements. Determine that each application meets all of
21	the following requirements:

1	(A) The municipality held public hearings and established a project.
2	(B) The municipality has developed a tax increment financing project
3	plan, including a project description; a development financing plan; a pro
4	forma projection of expected costs; a projection of revenues; a statement and
5	demonstration that the project would not proceed without the allocation of a
6	tax increment; evidence that the municipality is actively seeking or has
7	obtained other sources of funding and investment; and a development schedule
8	that includes a list, a cost estimate, and a schedule for public improvements
9	and projected private development to occur as a result of the improvements.
10	(f) Incurring indebtedness.
11	(1) A municipality approved under the process set forth in subsection (e)
12	of this section may incur indebtedness against revenues to provide funding to
13	pay for improvements and related costs for tax increment financing project
14	development.
15	(2) Notwithstanding any provision of any municipal charter, the
16	municipality shall only require one authorizing vote to incur debt through one
17	instance of borrowing to finance or otherwise pay for the tax increment
18	financing project improvements and related costs; provided, however, that a
19	municipality may present one or more subsequent authorization votes in the
20	event a vote fails. The municipality shall be authorized to incur indebtedness
21	only after the legal voters of the municipality, by a majority vote of all voters

1	present and voting on the question at a special or annual municipal meeting
2	duly warned for the purpose, authorize the legislative body to pledge the credit
3	of the municipality, borrow, or otherwise secure the debt for the specific
4	purposes so warned. The creation of the project shall occur at 12:01 a.m. on
5	April 1 of the calendar year the municipal legislative body votes to approve the
6	tax increment financing project plan.
7	(3) Any indebtedness shall be incurred within three years from the date
8	of approval by the Vermont Economic Progress Council, unless the Vermont
9	Economic Progress Council grants an extension of an additional three years
10	pursuant to the substantial change process set forth in the 2015 TIF Rule;
11	provided, however, that an updated plan is submitted prior to the three-year
12	termination date of the project.
13	(g) Original taxable value. As of the date the project is approved by the
14	legislative body of the municipality, the lister or assessor for the municipality
15	shall certify the original taxable value and shall certify to the legislative body
16	in each year thereafter during the life of the project the amount by which the
17	total valuation as determined in accordance with 32 V.S.A. chapter 129 of all
18	taxable real property located within the project has increased or decreased
19	relative to the original taxable value.
20	(h) Tax increments.

1	(1) In each year following the approval of the project, the lister or
2	assessor shall include not more than the original taxable value of the real
3	property in the assessed valuation upon which the treasurer computes the rates
4	of all taxes levied by the municipality and every other taxing district in which
5	the project is situated, but the treasurer shall extend all rates so determined
6	against the entire assessed valuation of real property for that year. In each year
7	for which the assessed valuation exceeds the original taxable value, the
8	municipality shall hold apart, rather than remit to the taxing districts, that
9	proportion of all taxes paid that year on the real property within the project that
10	the excess valuation bears to the total assessed valuation. The amount held
11	apart each year is the "tax increment" for that year. Not more than the
12	percentages established pursuant to subsection (i) of this section of the
13	municipal and State education tax increments received with respect to the
14	project and committed for the payment for financing for improvements and
15	related costs shall be segregated by the municipality in a special tax increment
16	financing project account and in its official books and records until all capital
17	indebtedness of the project has been fully paid. The final payment shall be
18	reported to the treasurer, who shall thereafter include the entire assessed
19	valuation of the project in the assessed valuations upon which municipal and
20	other tax rates are computed and extended and thereafter no taxes from the
21	project shall be deposited in the project's tax increment financing account.

1	(2) Notwithstanding any charter provision or other provision, all
2	property taxes assessed within a project shall be subject to the provision of
3	subdivision (1) of this subsection. Special assessments levied under 24 V.S.A.
4	chapter 76A or 87 or under a municipal charter shall not be considered
5	property taxes for the purpose of this section if the proceeds are used
6	exclusively for operating expenses related to properties within the project and
7	not for improvements within the district as defined in subdivision (a)(3) of this
8	section.
9	(3) Amounts held apart under subdivision (1) of this subsection shall
10	only be used for financing and related costs as defined in subsection (a) of this
11	section.
12	(i) Use of tax increment.
13	(1) Education property tax increment. For only debt incurred within the
14	period permitted under subdivision (e)(3) of this section after approval of the
15	project, up to 70 percent of the education tax increment may be retained for up
16	to 20 years, beginning with the education tax increment generated the year in
17	which the first debt incurred for the project financed in whole or in part with
18	incremental education property tax revenue. Upon incurring the first debt, a
19	municipality shall notify the Department of Taxes and the Vermont Economic
20	Progress Council of the beginning of the 20-year retention period of the
21	education tax increment.

1	(2) Use of the municipal property tax increment. For only debt incurred
2	within the period permitted under subdivision (e)(3) of this section after
3	approval of the project, not less than 85 percent of the municipal tax increment
4	shall be retained to service the debt, beginning the first year in which debt is
5	incurred, pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection.
6	(3) The Vermont Economic Progress Council shall determine there is a
7	nexus between the improvement and the expected development and
8	redevelopment for the project and expected outcomes in the TIF Project Zone.
9	(j) Distribution. Of the municipal and education tax increments received in
10	any tax year that exceed the amounts committed for the payment of the
11	financing for improvements and related costs for the project, equal portions of
12	each increment may be retained for the following purposes: prepayment of
13	principal and interest on the financing, placed in a special account required by
14	subdivision (g)(1) of this section and used for future financing payments or
15	used for defeasance of the financing. Any remaining portion of the excess
16	municipal tax increment shall be distributed to the city, town, or village
17	budget, in the proportion that each budget bears to the combined total of the
18	budgets, unless otherwise negotiated by the city, town, or village, and any
19	remaining portion of the excess education tax increment shall be distributed to
20	the Education Fund.

1	(k) Information reporting. Every municipality with an approved project
2	pursuant to this section shall:
3	(1) Develop a system, segregated for the project, to identify, collect, and
4	maintain all data and information necessary to fulfill the reporting
5	requirements of this section, including performance measures.
6	(2) Provide, as required by events, notification to the Vermont
7	Economic Progress Council and the Department of Taxes regarding any tax
8	increment financing development project debt obligations, public votes, or
9	votes by the municipal legislative body immediately following such obligation
10	or vote on a form prescribed by the Council, including copies of public notices,
11	agendas, minutes, vote tally, and a copy of the information provided to the
12	public in accordance with 24 V.S.A. § 1894(i).
13	(3) Annually:
14	(A) Ensure that the tax increment financing project account required
15	by subdivision (h)(1) is subject to the annual audit prescribed in subsection (m)
16	of this section. Procedures must include verification of the original taxable
17	value and annual and total municipal and education tax increments generated,
18	expenditures for debt and related costs, and current balance.
19	(B) On or before February 15 of each year, on a form prescribed by
20	the Council, submit an annual report to the Vermont Economic Progress
21	Council and the Department of Taxes, including the information required by

1	subdivision (2) of this section if not already submitted during the year, all
2	information required by subdivision (A) of this subdivision (3), and the
3	information required by 32 V.S.A. § 5404a(i), including performance measures
4	and any other information required by the Council or the Department of Taxes.
5	(1) Annual report. The Vermont Economic Progress Council and the
6	Department of Taxes shall submit an annual report to the Senate Committees
7	on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and on Finance and
8	the House Committees on Commerce and Economic Development and on
9	Ways and Means on or before April 1 each year. The report shall include the
10	date of approval, a description of the project, the original taxable value of the
11	property subject to the project development, the scope and value of projected
12	and actual improvements and developments in the TIF Project Zone, projected
13	and actual incremental revenue amounts, and division of the increment revenue
14	between project debt, the Education Fund, the special account required by
15	subdivision (h)(1) and the municipal General Fund, projected and actual
16	financing, and a set of performance measures developed by the Vermont
17	Economic Progress Council, which may include outcomes related to the
18	criteria for which the municipality applied and the amount of infrastructure
19	work performed by Vermont firms.

1	(m) Audit; financial reports. Annually, until the year following the end of
2	the period for retention of education tax increment, a municipality with an
3	approved project under this section shall:
4	(1) On or before January 1, submit an annual report to the Vermont
5	Economic Progress Council, which shall provide sufficient information for the
6	Vermont Economic Progress Council to prepare its report required by
7	subsection (i) of this section.
8	(2) On or before April 1, ensure that the project is subject to the annual
9	audit prescribed in 24 V.S.A. § 1681 or 1690. In the event that the audit is
10	only subject to the audit under 24 V.S.A. § 1681, the Vermont Economic
11	Progress Council shall ensure a process is in place to subject the project to an
12	independent audit. Procedures for the audit must include verification of the
13	original taxable value and annual and total municipal and education tax
14	increments generated, expenditures for debt and related costs, and current
15	balance.
16	(n) Authority to issue decisions.
17	(1) The Secretary of Commerce and Community Development, after
18	reasonable notice to a municipality and an opportunity for a hearing, is
19	authorized to issue decisions to a municipality on questions and inquiries
20	concerning the administration of projects, statutes, rules, noncompliance with

1	this section, and any instances of noncompliance identified in audit reports
2	conducted pursuant to subsection (m) of this section.
3	(2) The Vermont Economic Progress Council shall prepare
4	recommendations for the Secretary prior to the issuance of a decision. As
5	appropriate, the Council may prepare such recommendations in consultation
6	with the Commissioner of Taxes, the Attorney General, and the State
7	Treasurer. In preparing recommendations, the Council shall provide a
8	municipality with a reasonable opportunity to submit written information in
9	support of its position. The Secretary shall review the recommendations of the
10	Council and issue a final written decision on each matter within 60 days
11	following the receipt of the recommendations. The Secretary may permit an
12	appeal to be taken by any party to a Superior Court for determination of
13	questions of law in the same manner as the Supreme Court may by rule
14	provide for appeals before final judgment from a Superior Court before issuing
15	a final decision.
16	(o) The Vermont Economic Progress Council is authorized to adopt
17	policies that are consistent with the 2015 TIF Rule, as may be modified by
18	subsequent rule, to implement this section.
19	Sec. 9. 24 V.S.A. § 1891 is amended to read:
20	§ 1891. DEFINITIONS
21	When As used in this subchapter:

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1	* * *
2	(4) "Improvements" means the installation, new construction, or
3	reconstruction of infrastructure that will serve a public purpose and fulfill the
4	purpose of tax increment financing districts as stated in section 1893 of this
5	subchapter, including utilities, transportation, public facilities and amenities,
6	land and property acquisition and demolition, and site preparation.
7	"Improvements" also means the funding of debt service interest payments for a
8	period of up to five years, beginning on the date in which the first debt is
9	incurred.
10	* * *
11	(7) "Financing" means debt incurred, including principal, interest, and
12	any fees or charges directly related to that debt, or other instruments or
13	borrowing used by a municipality to pay for improvements in a tax increment
14	financing district, only if authorized by the legal voters of the municipality in
15	accordance with section 1894 of this subchapter. Payment for the cost of
16	district improvements and related costs may also include direct payment by the
17	municipality using the district increment. However, such payment is also
18	subject to a vote by the legal voters of the municipality in accordance with
19	section 1894 of this subchapter and, if not included in the tax increment
20	financing plan approved under subsection 1894(d) of this subchapter, is also
21	considered a substantial change and subject to the review process provided by

1	subdivision 1901(2)(B) of this subchapter. If interfund loans within the
2	municipality are used as the method of financing, no interest shall be charged.
3	Bond anticipation notes may be used as a method of financing and may qualify
4	as a district's first incurrence of debt. A municipality that uses a bond
5	anticipation note during the fifth year or tenth year that a district may incur
6	debt pursuant to section 1894 of this title shall incur all permanent financing
7	not more than one year after issuing the bond anticipation note.
8	* * *
9	Sec. 10. 24 V.S.A. § 1895 is amended to read:
10	§ 1895. ORIGINAL TAXABLE VALUE
11	(a) Certification. As of the date the district is created, the lister or assessor
12	for the municipality shall certify the original taxable value and shall certify to
13	the legislative body in each year thereafter during the life of the district the
14	amount by which the total valuation as determined in accordance with
15	32 V.S.A. chapter 129 of all taxable real property located within the tax
16	increment financing district has increased or decreased relative to the original
17	taxable value.
18	(b) Boundary of the district. Any parcel within a district shall be located
19	wholly within the boundaries of a district. No adjustments to the boundary of a
20	district are permitted after the approval of a tax increment financing district
21	plan as described in section 1894 of this title.

1	* * * Municipal Planning Grants * * *
2	Sec. 11. 24 V.S.A. § 4306 is amended to read:
3	§ 4306. MUNICIPAL AND REGIONAL PLANNING FUND
4	(a)(1) The Municipal and Regional Planning Fund for the purpose of
5	assisting municipal and regional planning commissions to carry out the intent
6	of this chapter is hereby created in the State Treasury.
7	(2) The Fund shall be composed of 17 percent of the revenue from the
8	property transfer tax under 32 V.S.A. chapter 231 and any monies from time to
9	time appropriated to the Fund by the General Assembly or received from any
10	other source, private or public. All balances at the end of any fiscal year shall
11	be carried forward and remain in the Fund. Interest earned by the Fund shall
12	be deposited in the Fund.
13	(3) Of the revenues in the Fund, each year:
14	(A) 10 percent shall be disbursed to the Vermont Center for
15	Geographic Information;
16	(B) 70 percent shall be disbursed to the Secretary of Commerce and
17	Community Development for performance contracts with regional planning
18	commissions to provide regional planning services pursuant to section 4341a
19	of this title; and
20	(C) 20 percent shall be disbursed to municipalities.
21	* * *

1	(d) New funds allocated to municipalities under this section may take the
2	form of special purpose grants in accordance with section 4307 of this title.
3	Sec. 12. 24 V.S.A. § 4307 is added to read:
4	<u>§ 4307. MUNICIPAL BYLAW MODERNIZATION GRANTS</u>
5	(a) There are created Municipal Bylaw Modernization Grants to assist
6	municipalities in updating their land use and development bylaws to support a
7	development pattern that is pedestrian oriented and consistent with the smart
8	growth principles established in section 2791 of this title. The Grants shall be
9	funded by monies allocated from the municipality allocation of the Municipal
10	and Regional Planning Funds established in subdivision 4306 (a)(3)(C) of this
11	title and any other monies appropriated for this purpose.
12	(b) A municipality that receives a grant shall use the funds for the adoption
13	of bylaws that increase housing choice, affordability, and opportunity in smart
14	growth areas. These smart growth areas shall be areas that reflect the smart
15	growth principles established in section 2791 of this title, that are located
16	outside important natural resource areas, and are located outside identified
17	flood hazard areas and river corridors or are acceptable for infill development
18	as defined in § 29–201 of the Vermont Flood Hazard Area and River Corridor
19	<u>Rule.</u>
20	(c) Disbursement to municipalities shall be administered by the Department
21	of Housing and Community Development through a competitive process

1	providing the opportunity for all regions and any eligible municipality to
2	compete regardless of size. The Department shall, to the extent reasonably
3	possible, ensure that grants are awarded with the intent of achieving
4	geographic distribution across the State.
5	(d) Funds may be disbursed by the Department in installments to ensure the
6	municipal bylaw updates meet the goals of this section.
7	(e) Funding may be used for mapping, the cost of regional planning
8	commission staff or consultant time, carrying out the provisions of
9	subchapters 5 through 10 of this chapter, and any other purpose approved by
10	the Department.
11	(f) To receive a grant, the municipality shall:
12	(1) identify any municipal water supply and wastewater disposal
13	capacity, opportunities, and constraints within mapped service areas in both
14	traditional water and wastewater systems and smaller scale municipal systems,
15	including soil-based wastewater treatment and decentralized water and
16	wastewater systems;
17	(2) allow, at a minimum, duplexes within smart growth areas to the
18	same extent that single-family dwellings are allowed;
19	(3) require parking waiver provisions in appropriate smart growth areas
20	and situations;

1	(4) review and modify street standards that implement the complete
2	streets principles as described in 19 V.S.A. § 309d and that are oriented to
3	pedestrians;
4	(5) adopt dimensional, use, parking, and other standards that allow
5	compact neighborhood form and support walkable lot and unit density, which
6	may be achieved with a standard allowing at least four units per acre with site
7	and building design standards or by other means established in guidelines
8	issued by the Department; and
9	(6) demonstrate how the bylaws support implementation of the housing
10	element of its municipal plan as provided in subdivision 4382(a)(10) of this
11	title related to addressing lower and moderate-income housing needs.
12	(g) On or before September 1, 2022, the Department shall adopt guidelines
13	to assist municipalities applying for grants under this section.
14	* * * Tax Credits * * *
15	Sec. 13. 32 V.S.A. § 5930aa is amended to read:
16	§ 5930aa. DEFINITIONS
17	As used in this subchapter:
18	(1) "Qualified applicant" means an owner or lessee of a qualified
19	building involving a qualified project, but does not include a State or federal
20	agency or a political subdivision of either; or an instrumentality of the United
21	States.

1	(2) "Qualified building" means a building built at least 30 years before
2	the date of application, located within a designated downtown or, village
3	center, or neighborhood development area, which, upon completion of the
4	project supported by the tax credit, will be an income-producing building not
5	used solely as a single-family residence. Churches and other buildings owned
6	by religious organization may be qualified buildings, but in no event shall tax
7	credits be used for religious worship.
8	(3) "Qualified code improvement project" means a project:
9	(A) to install or improve platform lifts suitable for transporting
10	personal mobility devices, limited use or limited application elevators,
11	elevators, sprinkler systems, and capital improvements in a qualified building,
12	and the installations or improvements are required to bring the building into
13	compliance with the statutory requirements and rules regarding fire prevention,
14	life safety, and electrical, plumbing, and accessibility codes as determined by
15	the Department of Public Safety;
16	(B) to abate lead paint conditions or other substances hazardous to
17	human health or safety in a qualified building; or
18	(C) to redevelop a contaminated property in a designated downtown
19	or, village center, or neighborhood development area under a plan approved by
20	the Secretary of Natural Resources pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 6615a.

1	(4) "Qualified expenditures" means construction-related expenses of the
2	taxpayer directly related to the project for which the tax credit is sought, but
3	excluding any expenses related to a private residence.
4	(5) "Qualified façade improvement project" means the rehabilitation of
5	the façade of a qualified building that contributes to the integrity of the
6	designated downtown or, designated village center, or neighborhood
7	development area. Façade improvements to qualified buildings listed, or
8	eligible for listing, in the State or National Register of Historic Places must be
9	consistent with Secretary of the Interior Standards, as determined by the
10	Vermont Division for Historic Preservation.
11	* * *
12	Sec. 14. 24 V.S.A. § 2793a is amended to read:
13	§ 2793a. DESIGNATION OF VILLAGE CENTERS BY STATE BOARD
14	* * *
15	(c) A village center designated by the State Board pursuant to
16	subsection (a) of this section is eligible for the following development
17	incentives and benefits:
18	* * *
19	(4) The following State tax credits for projects located in a designated

1	(A) A State historic rehabilitation tax credit of ten percent under
2	32 V.S.A. § 5930cc(a) that meets the requirements for the federal rehabilitation
3	tax credit.
4	(B) A State façade improvement tax credit of 25 percent under
5	<del>32 V.S.A. § 5930cc(b).</del>
6	(C) A State code improvement tax credit of 50 percent under
7	32 V.S.A. § 5930cc(c) The Downtown and Village Center Tax Credit Program
8	described in 32 V.S.A. § 5930aa et seq.
9	* * *
10	Sec. 15. 24 V.S.A. § 2793e is amended to read:
11	§ 2793e. NEIGHBORHOOD PLANNING AREAS; DESIGNATION OF
12	NEIGHBORHOOD DEVELOPMENT AREAS
13	* * *
14	(f) Neighborhood development area incentives for developers. Once a
15	municipality has a designated neighborhood development area or has a
16	Vermont neighborhood designation pursuant to section 2793d of this title, any
17	proposed development within that area shall be eligible for each of the benefits
18	listed in this subsection. These benefits shall accrue upon approval by the
19	district coordinator, who shall review the density requirements set forth in
20	subdivision (c)(7) of this section to determine benefit eligibility and issue a

1	jurisdictional opinion under 10 V.S.A. chapter 151 on whether the density
2	requirements are met. These benefits are:
3	(1) The the application fee limit for wastewater applications stated in
4	3 V.S.A. § 2822(j)(4)(D) <del>.</del> ;
5	(2) The the application fee reduction for residential development stated
6	in 10 V.S.A. § 6083a(d) <del>.</del> ;
7	(3) The the exclusion from the land gains tax provided by 32 V.S.A.
8	§ 10002(p)-; and
9	(4) eligibility for the Downtown and Village Center Tax Credit Program
10	described in 32 V.S.A. § 5930aa et seq.
11	* * *
12	Sec. 16. 24 V.S.A. § 2794 is amended to read:
13	§ 2794. INCENTIVES FOR PROGRAM DESIGNEES
14	(a) Upon designation by the Vermont Downtown Development Board
15	under section 2793 of this title, a downtown development district and projects
16	in a downtown development district shall be eligible for the following:
17	(1) Priority consideration by any agency of the State administering any
18	State or federal assistance program providing funding or other aid to a
19	municipal downtown area with consideration given to such factors as the costs
20	and benefits provided and the immediacy of those benefits, provided the
21	project is eligible for the assistance program.

1	(2) The following State tax credits:
2	(A) A State historic rehabilitation tax credit of 10 percent under
3	32 V.S.A. § 5930cc(a) that meets the requirements for the federal rehabilitation
4	tax credit.
5	(B) A State façade improvement tax credit of 25 percent under
6	<del>32 V.S.A. § 5930cc(b).</del>
7	(C) A State code improvement tax credit of 50 percent under
8	32 V.S.A. § 5930cc(c) The Downtown and Village Center Tax Credit Program
9	described in 32 V.S.A. § 5930aa et seq.
10	* * *
11	* * * Affordable Housing Tax Credit; Manufactured Homes * * *
12	Sec. 17. 32 V.S.A. § 5930u(g) is amended to read:
13	(g)(1) In any fiscal year, the allocating agency may award up to:
14	(A) \$400,000.00 in total first-year credit allocations to all applicants
15	for rental housing projects, for an aggregate limit of \$2,000,000.00 over any
16	given five-year period that credits are available under this subdivision (A);.
17	(B) $$425,000.00$ $$675,000.00$ in total first-year credit allocations for
18	loans or grants for owner-occupied unit financing or down payment loans as
19	provided in subdivision (b)(2) of this section consistent with the allocation
20	plan, including for new construction and manufactured housing, for an
21	aggregate limit of <del>\$2,125,000.00</del> <u>\$3,375,000.00</u> over any given five-year

1	period that credits are available under this subdivision (B). Of the total first-
2	year credit allocations made under this subdivision (B), \$250,000.00 shall be
3	used each fiscal year for manufactured home purchase and replacement.
4	(2) If the full amount of first-year credits authorized by an award are not
5	allocated to a taxpayer, the Agency may reclaim the amount not allocated and
6	re-award such allocations to other applicants, and such re-awards shall not be
7	subject to the limits set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection.
8	* * * Down Payment Assistance Program * * *
9	Sec. 18. 32 V.S.A. § 5930u is amended to read:
10	§ 5930u. TAX CREDIT FOR AFFORDABLE HOUSING
11	* * *
12	(h)(1) In fiscal year 2016 through fiscal year 2019, the allocating agency
13	may award up to \$125,000.00 in total first-year credit allocations for loans
14	through the Down Payment Assistance Program created in subdivision (b)(2)
15	of this section.
16	(2) In fiscal year 2020 through fiscal year $\frac{2026}{2022}$ , the allocating
17	agency may award up to \$250,000.00 in total first-year credit allocations for
18	loans through the Down Payment Assistance Program created in subdivision
19	(b)(3) of this section.
20	(3) In fiscal year 2023 and subsequent years, the allocating agency may
21	award up to \$500,000.00 in total first-year credit allocations for loans through

1	the Down Payment Assistance Program created in subdivision (b)(3) of this
2	section.
3	* * * Downtown Tax Credit * * *
4	Sec. 19. 32 V.S.A. § 5930ee is amended to read:
5	§ 5930ee. LIMITATIONS
6	Beginning in fiscal year 2010 and thereafter, the State Board may award tax
7	credits to all qualified applicants under this subchapter, provided that:
8	(1) the total amount of tax credits awarded annually, together with sales
9	tax reallocated under section 9819 of this title, does not exceed \$3,000,000.00
10	<u>\$4,750,000.00;</u>
11	* * *
12	* * * Effective Date * * *
13	Sec. 20. EFFECTIVE DATE
14	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.